

RISK MANAGEMENT

Pilot	Recent Experience Recent Skill Level Illness Medication Stress Alcohol Fatigue Eating
Aircraft	Airworthiness (AROW) Equipment Status Engine Performance, Takeoff and Landing Gross Weight Weight and Balance
enVironment	1-800-WX-BRIEF Deteriorating weather Ceiling Visibility Winds Precipitation Icing Turbulence Density Altitude Darkness Terrain Flight Plan NOTAMs TFRs
External	Passenger Pressures Organizational Pressure External Distractions

VELOCITY SPEEDS

Vr	55 KIAS	Vg	68 KIAS
Vx	62 KIAS	Vy	74 KIAS
Va	105 KIAS (25500 lbs)	Va	98 KIAS (2200 lbs)

PREFLIGHT INSPECTION

CABIN

- Hobbs and Tach Time..... RECORD ON SHEET
- Airworthiness.....Airworthy Cert, Registration, Op Limits, W&B
- Pitot Tube Cover REMOVE, CHECK OPENING
- Control Wheel Lock..... REMOVE
- Ignition Switch (key on glare shield) OFF
- Avionics Master Switch (double white rocker switch)..... OFF
- Master Switch (double red rocker switch)..... ON
- Fuel Quantity Indicators (gas gauge)CHECK
- Avionics Master Switch ON
- Avionics Cooling Fan CHECK AUDIBLY FOR OPERATION
- Static Pressure Alternate Source Valve..... OFF
- Annunciator Panel Switch PLACE and HOLD in TST, RELEASE
- Fuel Selector Valve..... BOTH
- Fuel Shutoff Valve ON (Push full in)
- FlapsEXTEND
- Interior and Exterior Lights CHECK (working condition)
- Pitot Heat (IFR only) TEST (heat within 30 seconds)
- Master Switch OFF
- Baggage Door.....CHECK (closed and locked)
- Autopilot Static Source Opening.....CHECK for blockage

EMPENNAGE

- Rudder Gust Lock REMOVE
- Tail Tie Down..... DISCONNECT
- Control Surfaces..... CHECK (hinges, balance)
- Trim Tab CHECK security
- Antennas CHECK for security of attachment and general condition

RIGHT WING TRAILING EDGE

- Flaps SECURE (light tug)
- Aileron..... CHECK (freedom of movement, balance)

RIGHT WING

- Wing Tie Down DISCONNECT

2. Main Wheel TireCHECK (inflation, wear, cracks), REMOVE CHOCK
3. Fuel Sump FIVE DRAINS (check for contaminants)
4. Fuel QuantityMEASURE gallons
5. Fuel Filler Cap SECURE (aligned with longitudinal axis)

NOSE

1. Fuel Sumps THREE DRAINS (check for contaminants)
2. Engine Oil Level CHECK (8 max, 5 min)
3. Engine Cooling Inlets CLEAR of obstructions
4. Alternator BeltCHECK (present, looseness)
5. Propeller and Spinner CHECK (nicks, cracks)
6. Carburetor Air Filter CHECK (clean)
7. Exhaust PipeSECURE (light tug)
8. Nose Wheel Strut and Tire CHECK (inflation, wear, cracks)
9. Static Source Opening CHECK (clear)

LEFT WING

1. Main Wheel TireCHECK (inflation, wear, cracks), REMOVE CHOCK
2. Fuel Sump FIVE DRAINS (check for contaminants)
3. Fuel QuantityMEASURE gallons
4. Fuel Filler Cap SECURE (aligned with longitudinal axis)

LEFT WING LEADING EDGE

1. Fuel Tank Vent Opening CHECK (clear)
2. Stall Warning Opening..... CHECK (apply light suction)
3. Landing/Taxi Light CHECK (filament)
4. Wing Tie DownDISCONNECT

LEFT WING TRAILING EDGE

1. AileronCHECK (freedom of movement, hinges)
2. FlapSECURE (light tug)

PASSENGER BRIEFING

1. Seat, seatbelts and harnesses.....TAXI, TAKEOFF, LANDING
2. Door operation and exiting aircraft USE
3. Emergency equipment (fire extinguisher)LOCATION
4. Looking for Traffic POINT OUT
5. Sterile CockpitTAXI, TAKEOFF, LANDING
6. Feeling ill TELL ME

BEFORE ENGINE START

1. Preflight inspection.....COMPLETE
2. Seat, belts shoulder harnessesADJUST and LOCK
3. Seat Track and BackLOCKED
4. Brakes..... TEST and SET
5. Fuel Selector Valve..... BOTH
6. Fuel Shutoff Valve ON (push full in)
7. Alternate Static (IFR only)CHECK (slight dip in altimeter, then rise)
8. Avionics/Radios... OFF
9. Electrical Equipment (switches)..... OFF
10. Circuit Breakers... CHECK IN
11. Avionics Circuit Breakers..... CHECK IN

ENGINE START

1. BeaconON
2. Throttle (silver knob) CRACKED (1/4 inch finger method)
3. Mixture (red knob) IDLE CUT-OFF
4. Prop SHOUT CLEAR PROP, WAIT, LOOK
5. Master Switch (double red rocker switch)ON
Cold Start Only
6. Auxiliary Fuel PumpON
7. Mixture FULL RICH until stable fuel flow (3-5 seconds)
8. Mixture IDLE CUT-OFF
9. Auxiliary Fuel PumpOFF
All Starts
10. BrakesHOLD
11. Right HandON MIXTURE
12. Ignition..... START then BOTH
13. Mixture ADVANCE to RICH when engine starts
14. Oil Pressure.....CHECK (green arc within 30 seconds)
15. Lights..... At night (navigation, taxiway) ON
16. Mixture LEAN 1" inch

BEFORE TAXI CHECK

1. Seat Belts and HarnessON
2. Flaps.....RAISE
3. Avionics/Radios ON and SET (122.8 CTAF and 128.125 AWOS)
4. ATIS/AWOS/CLEARANCE OBTAIN
5. TransponderALT and SET SQUAWK (VFR - 1200)
6. Altimeter.....SET to current baro
7. Radio..... TEST (pull vol knob to check vol)
8. Taxi Light..... AS REQUIRED
9. Parking Brake..... RELEASE

ANNOUNCEMENT: *Placerville Traffic, Skyhawk 951MC, taxiing from the ramp to runway 23, Placerville*

TAXI CHECK

1. Brakes.....TEST (pilot and co-pilot)
2. Attitude Indicator..... TEST (level during turns)
3. Turn Coordinator.....TEST (indicates turns)
4. Heading Indicator.....TEST (indicates turns)

ENGINE RUNUP

1. Brakes.....SET and HOLD
2. Fuel Selector Valve BOTH
3. Elevator Trim.....SET FOR TAKEOFF
4. Flight ControlsFREE and CORRECT
5. Flight Instruments CHECK and SET (six pack)
6. Fuel Quantity.....CHECK
7. Mixture.....BEST POWER (lean at full throttle)
8. Throttle1800 RPM
9. Magnetos TEST (Max 150 drop each, 50 diff)
10. Vacuum GaugeGREEN ARC (4.5 – 5.5 in)
11. Ammeter 0 (slightly above OK)
12. Oil PressureGREEN ARC
13. Oil TemperatureGREEN ARC
14. Annunciator Panel..... NONE ILLUMINATED
15. Idle CHECK CLOSED (engine still runs)
16. Throttle1000 RPM
17. Throttle FrictionADJUST (if too loose or tight)

BEFORE TAKEOFF CHECK

1. Flaps0 (Normal), 10 (Soft and Short)
2. Mixture..... BEST POWER
3. Heading Indicator.....ALIGN TO COMPASS
4. Landing Light ON
5. Strobe..... ON
6. Radios and Navigation Equipment.....SET

Transmitter Selector COMM 1
 Intercom Receiver Selector COMM 1
 GPS Flight Plan entered
 Comm 1 Volume.....PULL and CHECK

Comm 1 Active..... 122.8 (CTAF)
 Comm 1 Standby 127.4 (NorCal Approach)
 Comm 2 Active..... 122.1 (Rancho Radio)
 Comm 2 Standby ATIS\AWOS Destination
 Nav 1 Active..... 155.5 (HNW) and IDENTIFY MORSE
 Nav 1 Standby..... Next Navaid
 Nav 2 Active..... 155.5 (HNW) and IDENTIFY MORSE
 Nav 2 Standby..... Next Navaid
 NAV/GPS Switch SET to appropriate NAV source
 OBS 1 Planned Radial, verify no flag
 OBS 2 Planned Radial, verify no flag

7. Autopilot.....OFF
8. Autopilot Alert Altitude SET to CRUISING ALTITUDE
9. Manual Electric Trim..... CHECK OPERATION
10. Elevator Trim SET FOR TAKEOFF
11. Passenger Seat Backs..... MOST UPRIGHT POSITION
12. Seat and Seat Belts CHECK SECURE
13. Doors and Windows CLOSED AND LOCKED

TAKEOFF BRIEFING

- Who is performing takeoff
- Type of takeoff (Normal, rolling, soft field, short field)
- Runway you are departing, length, ground roll, abort point
- Wind direction, intensity, crosswind component and crosswind control input required
- Takeoff procedure (flap setting, mixture, power, rotation speed)
- Vx (62), Vy (74) and Best Glide (68) airspeeds
- Departure instructions or plan, noise abatement procedures
- Procedure for engine loss during takeoff roll, 50 ft, 500 ft, above

I will be performing this normal takeoff. We will depart on runway 23, which is 3910 ft long, our ground roll will be 1270 ft long, I will abort the takeoff if not airborne by the highspeed taxiway. The wind is from 180 at 8 knots, which is a 6 knots crosswind component; I'll hold full left aileron at the start of the roll. Flaps will be at 0, mixture leaned for density altitude, full power, rotate at 55 knots and climbout at Vy 74 knots. After takeoff, we'll make 10 degree left turn for noise abatement, then a further left turn to heading 210 and up to 4500.

If we have any problems before rotation or with adequate runway remaining after liftoff, we will abort. Standard emergency procedure will be used in the event of engine failure without adequate runway remaining. Best glide is 68 KIAS. We won't even think about returning to this airport unless we are at 1,000 AGL. Any questions or comments?

BEFORE ENTERING RUNWAY

ANNOUNCEMENT: *Placerville Traffic, Skyhawk 951MC, departing runway 23, <straight out, northwest, left downwind departure, closed traffic>, Placerville*

1. Heading BUG SET (on course)
2. Altitude..... CRUISING ALTITUDE (recall)
3. Transponder..... ALT and SQUAWK (check)
4. Time off RECORD (on nav log)
5. Brakes RELEASE

TAKEOFF

1. Aircraft ALIGNED WITH CENTERLINE
2. Timer START
3. Heading Indicator..... CHECK ALIGNMENT TO RUNWAY
4. Throttle FULL (four seconds)
5. RPM..... 2300 (CHECK)
6. Oil Pressure/Temperature GREEN ARC
7. Rotate..... 55 KIAS
8. Climb Vy 74 KIAS
9. Flaps RETRACT (positive rate achieved)
10. Noise Abatement Procedure..... COMPLY

11. Heading.....ON COURSE

1,000 AGL

1. Climb.....70-85 KIAS
2. Power..... SET
3. MixtureSET (leaned above 3000 DA)
4. Engine Instruments..... CHECK
5. Landing Light.....OFF
6. Flight Plan OPEN
7. Flight Following OBTAIN

COMM: Rancho Radio, Skyhawk 951MC listening on the Hangtown VOR

COMM: Skyhawk 951MC, Activate my VFR flight plan to <destination>.
Time off < >,

COMM: NorCal Approach, Skyhawk 951MC, VFR request

COMM: NorCal Approach, Skyhawk 951MC, Cessna 172/U, 5 miles SW
HNW, VFR to <destination>

CRUISE

1. Power..... SET (planned RPM)
2. Mixture LEAN (using EGT, tachometer, engine roughness)
3. Engine Instruments..... CHECK (green arcs)
4. Heading indicator ALIGN TO COMPASS

DESCENT

1. Mixture ENRICHEN (slowly)
2. Power..... 2200
3. ATIS/AWOS OBTAIN
4. Altimeter..... SET
5. Heading Indicator ALIGN TO COMPASS

APPROACH BRIEFING

- Type of Approach & Landing (Visual, Instrument, Short, Soft)
- Landing Runway, length, distance required
- Field Elevation
- Traffic Pattern Altitude
- Winds (left or right crosswind? tailwind on downwind or base?)
- Final Approach Speed
- Aiming Point
- Touchdown Point

I will be performing a normal landing at Placerville. We'll be landing runway 23, which is 3910 ft long, and we'll need approximately 1400 ft. The field elevation is 2585, the pattern altitude is 3385 (800 ft pattern). The winds are from 180 at 8 knots, right crosswind on downwind, tailwind on base, left crosswind on final. Final approach speed is 60 knots, aim point is first stripe after the number, touchdown spot is the second stripe.

ANNOUNCEMENT: Placerville Traffic, Skyhawk 951MC, 10 miles to the southwest, 4500, for landing, Placerville

ANNOUNCEMENT: Placerville Traffic, Skyhawk 951MC, 5 miles to the southwest, 4000, for landing, Placerville

BEFORE LANDING

1. Autopilot OFF
2. Landing Light ON
3. Seat belts and harness ON
4. Fuel Selector Valve..... BOTH
5. Mixture.....SET for destination density altitude
6. Power 2000 RPM
7. Airspeed 80-85 KIAS

ANNOUNCEMENT: Placerville Traffic, Skyhawk 951MC, entering 45 for left traffic, runway 23, Placerville

DOWNWIND - ABEAM TOUCHDOWN POINT

1. Power..... 1500 RPM
2. Flaps..... EXTEND 10
3. Pitch..... 75 KIAS

ANNOUNCEMENT: *Placerville Traffic, Skyhawk 951MC, left downwind, runway 23, Placerville*

BASE

1. Flaps..... EXTEND 20
2. Airspeed..... 70 KIAS

ANNOUNCEMENT: *Placerville Traffic, Skyhawk 951MC, left base, runway 23, Placerville*

FINAL

1. Flaps..... EXTEND 30 (landing assured)
2. Pitch..... 65 KIAS (trimmed)

ANNOUNCEMENT: *Placerville Traffic, Skyhawk 951MC, final, runway 23, Placerville*

GO AROUND

1. Power..... FULL
2. Flaps..... RAISE 20
3. Airspeed..... 60 KIAS
4. Positive Rate Climb..... ESTABLISH
5. Flaps..... RAISE SLOWLY

ANNOUNCEMENT: *Placerville Traffic, Skyhawk 951MC, upwind for left traffic, runway 23, Placerville*

AFTER LANDING

1. Flaps..... **RETRACT**
2. Trim..... **TAKEOFF**
3. Strobes OFF
4. Landing Light OFF
5. Taxi Light AS REQUIRED
6. Pitot Heat OFF

ANNOUNCEMENT: *Placerville Traffic, Skyhawk 951MC, clear of runway 23, taxiing to ramp, Placerville*

SECURING AIRPLANE (SHUTDOWN)

1. Throttle 1000 RPM
2. Electrical Equipment OFF
3. Interior and Exterior Lights OFF
4. Avionics Master Switch OFF
5. Magnetos CHECK LEFT and RIGHT for broken P-lead
6. Mixture..... IDLE CUTOFF
7. Ignition OFF
8. Master Switch OFF
9. Fuel Selector Valve..... LEFT or RIGHT to prevent crossfeed
10. Hobbs and Tach Time..... RECORD
11. Control Wheel Lock..... INSTALL
12. Chocks INSTALL
13. Tie Downs..... HOOK UP
14. Pitot Cover INSTALL
15. Doors..... CLOSED and LOCKED
16. Flight Plan..... CLOSE

ENGINE FAILURE DURING TAKEOFF ROLL

1. Throttle IDLE
2. Brakes APPLY
3. Wing Flaps RETRACT
4. Mixture IDLE CUT-OFF
5. Ignition Switch OFF
6. Master Switch OFF

ENGINE FAILURE IMMEDIATELY AFTER TAKEOFF

1. Airspeed 70 KIAS (Flaps up) 65 KIAS (Flaps down)
2. Mixture IDLE CUT-OFF
3. Fuel Shutoff PULL FULL OFF
4. Ignition Switch OFF
5. Wing Flaps AS REQUIRED
6. Master Switch OFF
7. Cabin Door UNLATCH PRIOR TO TOUCHDOWN
8. Land STRAIGHT AHEAD

ENGINE FAILURE IN FLIGHT

1. Airspeed 68 KIAS
2. Fuel Shutoff Valve ON (Push Full In)
3. Fuel Selector Valve BOTH
4. Auxiliary Fuel Pump ON
5. Mixture RICH
6. Ignition Switch LEFT, RIGHT, BOTH, START (if prop stopped)
7. Auxiliary Fuel Pump OFF

EMERGENCY LANDING WITHOUT ENGINE POWER

1. Airspeed 70 KIAS (flaps up) 65 KIAS (flaps down)
2. Mixture IDLE CUT-OFF
3. Fuel Shutoff Valve PULL FULL OFF
4. Ignition Switch OFF
5. Wing Flaps AS REQUIRED (30 recommended)
6. Master Switch OFF
7. Doors UNLATCH PRIOR TO TOUCHDOWN
8. Touchdown SLIGHTLY TAIL LOW
9. Brakes APPLY HEAVILY

ENGINE FIRE DURING START ON GROUND

1. Cranking CONTINUE
If engine starts:
2. Throttle 1800 RPM
3. Engine SHUTDOWN and inspect for damage
If engine fails to start:
4. Throttle FULL OPEN
5. Mixture IDLE CUT-OFF
6. Cranking CONTINUE for two minutes
7. Fuel Shutoff Valve PULL FULL OFF
8. Fire Extinguisher OBTAIN
9. Master Switch OFF
10. Ignition Switch OFF
11. Aircraft EVACUATE
12. Fire EXTINGUISH
13. Fire Damage INSPECT

ENGINE FIRE IN FLIGHT

1. Mixture IDLE CUT-OFF
2. Fuel Shutoff Valve PULL FULL OFF
3. Auxiliary Fuel Pump OFF
4. Master Switch OFF
5. Cabin Heat and Air OFF (except overhead vents)
6. Airspeed 100 KIAS
7. Forced Landing EXECUTE

ELECTRICAL FIRE IN FLIGHT

1. Master Switch OFF
2. Vents/Cabin Air/Heat CLOSED
3. Fire Extinguisher ACTIVATE
4. Avionics Master Switch OFF
5. All other switches (except ignition) OFF
6. Vents/Cabin Air/Heat OPEN
If fire is out, and electrical power is necessary for flight:
7. Master Switch ON
8. Circuit Breakers CHECK (do not reset)
9. Radio/Electrical Equipment ON (one at a time, until short is ID'd)

BEFORE MANEUVER CHECK (HASEL)

1. Height3000 AGL OR BETTER
2. Area CLEAR OF TERRAIN, FORCED LANDING SITE ID'D
3. Security SEAT BELTS, ITEMS SECURE, FLAPS UP
4. Engine FLOW (Fuel selector, mixture, carb heat, gauges)
5. Lookout CLEARING TRUNS (two 90 degree turns)

STEEP TURNS

1. HASEL PERFORM
2. Throttle 2100 RPM
3. Airspeed 98 KIAS (trimmed)
4. Heading NOTE and BUG
5. Wing CLEAR
6. Turn ROLL into 45° bank
7. Altitude and Airspeed MAINTAIN (back pressure, +100 RPM)
8. Rollout 23 degrees prior to entry heading
9. Altitude REDUCE back pressure
10. Throttle 2100 RPM

SLOW FLIGHT

1. HASEL PERFORM
 2. Throttle 1500 RPM
 3. Altitude Maintain
 4. Flaps INCREMENTALLY to FULL
 5. Airspeed 40 KIAS (horn on)
 6. Throttle AS REQUIRED to maintain altitude
- Recovery*
7. Throttle FULL OPEN
 8. Flaps RAISE to 20°
 9. Airspeed 62 KIAS (Vx)
 10. Flaps RAISE INCREMENTALLY
 11. Altitude MAINTAIN

POWER-OFF STALL

1. HASEL PERFORM
2. Throttle 1500 RPM
3. Altitude Maintain
4. Flaps INCREMENTALLY to FULL
5. Airspeed 65 KIAS
6. Throttle SLOWLY to IDLE
7. Descend 65 KIAS (trimmed)
8. Pitch SLOWLY to LANDING ATTITUDE
9. Back Pressure HOLD to maintain landing attitude
10. At Stall Recognition .. REDUCE ANGLE OF ATTACK, ADD FULL POWER
11. Wings LEVEL using rudder (aileron if turning)
12. Flaps RAISE to 20°
13. Airspeed 62 KIAS (Vx)
14. Flaps RAISE INCREMENTALLY
15. Altitude RECOVER lost altitude

POWER-ON STALL

1. HASEL PERFORM
2. Throttle 1500 RPM
3. Altitude Maintain
4. Airspeed 62 KIAS
5. Throttle FULL OPEN
6. Pitch SLOWLY INCREASE (approx. 15° nose up)
7. At Stall Recognition REDUCE ANGLE OF ATTACK to horizon
8. Airspeed 74 KIAS (Vy)
9. Altitude RECOVER lost altitude
10. Throttle AS REQUIRED